

# Common Core Aligned MATH & LANGUAGE

• Daily Practice for  
the entire year:

FREE WEEK w/ Preview!

5th GRADE

Preview!

teaching  
on  
lemon lane

**Monday**

1. 3 thousands = \_\_\_ hundreds  
a. 10  
b. 30  
c. 300

2. 1 hundred = \_\_\_ tens  
a. 10  
b. 1  
c. 100

3. \_\_\_ tens = 60 ones  
a. 6  
b. 60  
c. 600

4. What number is shown?

5. On Wednesdays we always eat tuna fish, \_\_\_\_\_ can't stand \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Which  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Workbook begins w/ 4th grade concepts, to review what students should know, giving you time to introduce new concepts.**

**1. Students are expected to complete 5 questions a day. Four of those problems are always aligned with Math Standards, and the last problem always aligns with the ELA Language concept for the week.**

**Tuesday**

4. What number is shown?

5. The gecko saw in Mr. Alcalá's room is so cool!

a. Which  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

DAILY SCORE

**Wednesday**

1. 5 thousands = \_\_\_ tens  
a. 100  
b. 50  
c. 500

2. 1 \_\_\_ = 10 tens  
a. hundred  
b. thousand  
c. ten

3. \_\_\_ tens = 90 ones  
a. 9  
b. 90  
c. 900

5. I can't wait to meet \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Which  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Each week is focused on a specific topic that the students have already been taught. This workbook is to work as a Spiral Review. Students should never see something they haven't already been introduced to in the classroom! Students will also begin to see a Spiral review of past concepts taught**

**ANSWER KEY INCLUDED**

**Thursday**

4. What number is shown?

5. Every \_\_\_\_\_ day is the day \_\_\_\_\_ gymnastics practice.

a. Whose  
b. Where  
c. Why  
d. When

DAILY SCORE

**Friday**

**EVERY 5th Grade Common Core ELA Language Standard is covered and is also explained through the hint, to encourage self-propelled learning! All of the grammar questions refer to the concept explained in the hint. Students learn to find evidence to support their response!**

5. Jazmin, \_\_\_\_\_ hair is really long, likes to wear her hair in two braids.

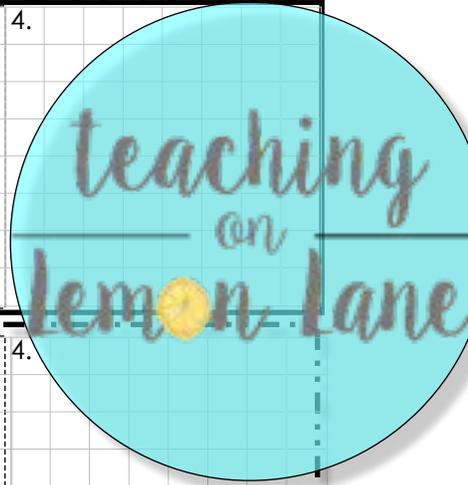
a. Whose  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

teaching on lemon lane

**WEEKLY SCORE**

**Hint: Relative Pronouns and Adverbs.** The five main relative pronouns are **who**, **whom**, **whose**, **which**, and **that**. **Who** and **Whom** give information about people. If the subject and verb use: he, she, it, they, one, you, us, them, the subject and verb include him her or them use **whom**. The relative pronouns **that** and **which** are used to describe things. **That** is used when it is not set off by commas, and **which** when it is. Lastly, **whose** shows possession, not to be confused by the contraction who's (who is). The three main relative adverbs are **when**, **where**, and **why**. **Where** is used to describe a place, **when** is used to describe a time, and **why** is used to give a reason.

# My Weekly Evidence:



Monday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Print this page on the backside of the Daily Practice pages. Here students will show their work on applicable problems.  
 \*Notice the faint gridlines to encourage organization and neatness.

Tuesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Wednesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Thursday	1.	2.	3.	4.

EVERY Week students will conclude with a Self-Assessment on the weekly concepts that were covered through the Daily Practice Problems. Allowing you to quickly asses students understanding based on their actual score and self-rate.

This section gives students a safe place to express any concerns or CELEBRATIONS based on the weekly concepts.

Friday	1.	2.	3.	4.

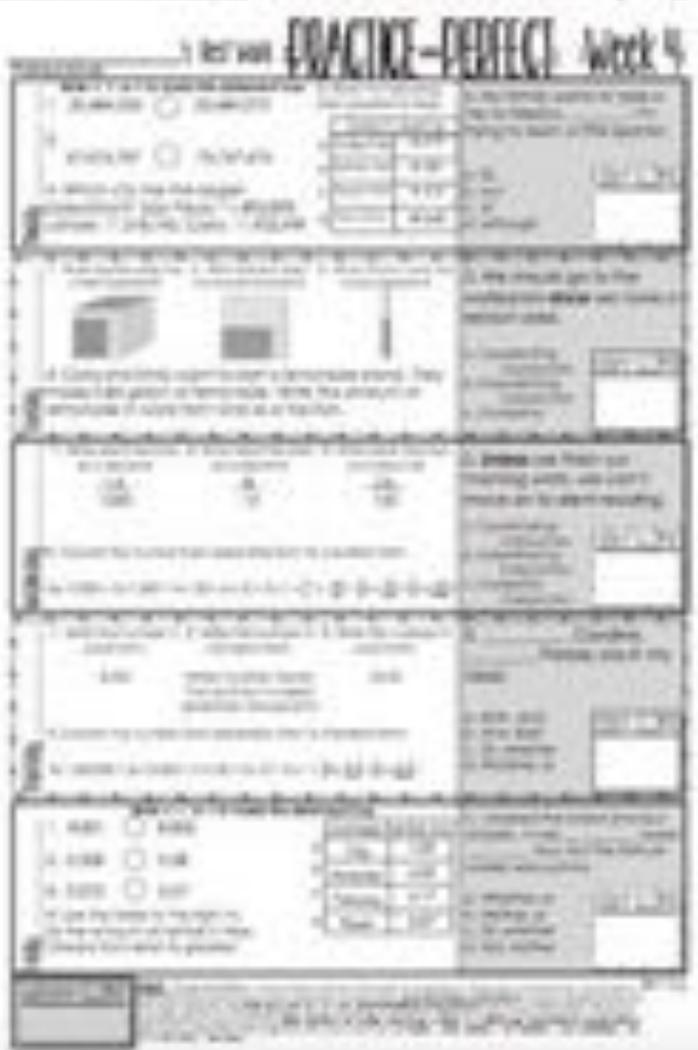
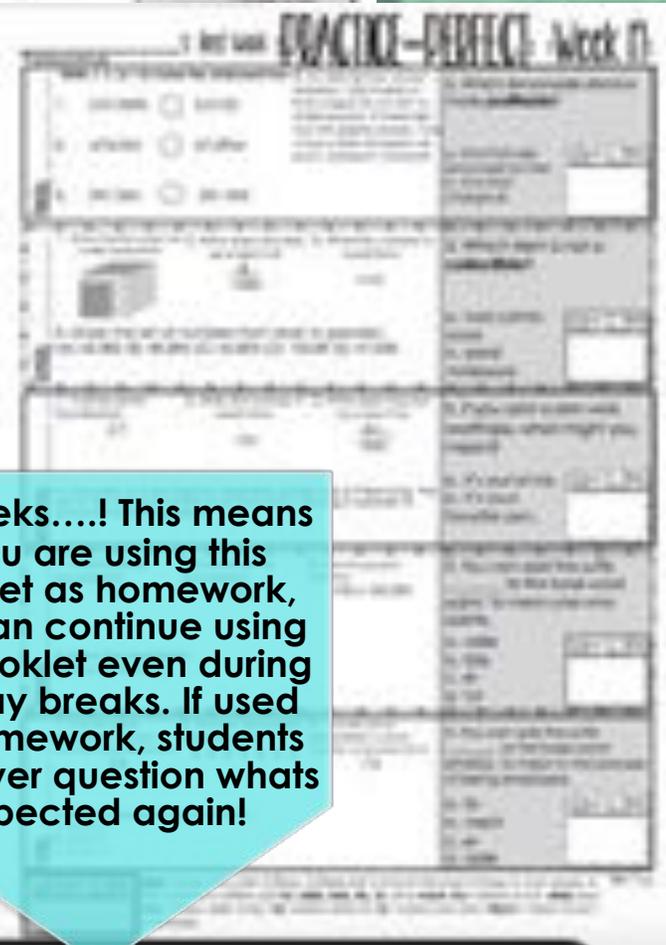
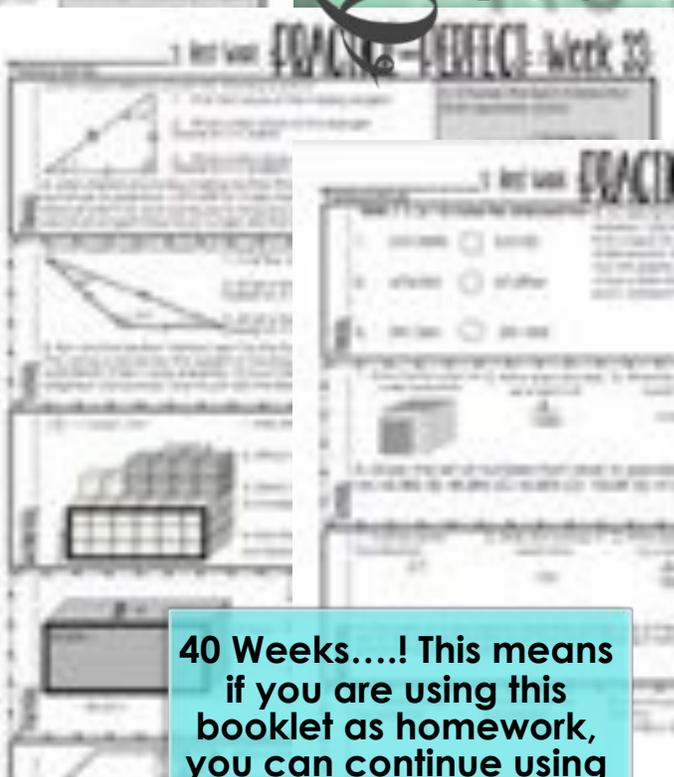
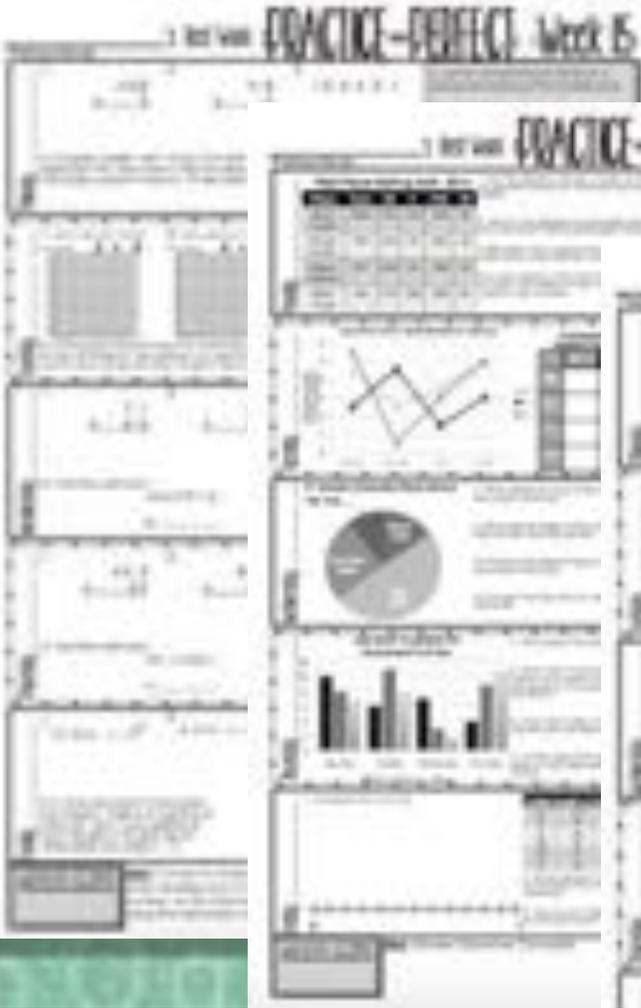
Weekly Reflection

Based on a scale of 1 - 4 (\*1 = I Need help, 4 = I can teach it.)  
 Rate your understanding of this weeks daily practice concepts.

1      2      3      4

Anything you want your teacher to know?

# REVIEW!



40 Weeks....! This means if you are using this booklet as homework, you can continue using this booklet even during holiday breaks. If used for homework, students will never question what's expected again!

## 40 WEEKS MATH/ELA PROBLEMS



# All About Me

THE FOCUS

ALL THE FAVORITES



## My Password Tracker

Service/Account	Username	Password

# Books I Have Read

Title	Author	Genre

# Books I Want to Read

Title	Author	Genre

4 FUN INSERTS INCLUDED

# Math Reference Sheet

**My Multiplication Chart**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

**Place Value**

Billions	Millions	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths
100,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	100,000	10,000	1,000	100	10

**Types of Triangles**

- Equilateral
- Isosceles
- Scalene

**1 Whole**

1/2	1/2						
1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4				
1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8	1/8

# Measurement Anchor Chart

**Customary System**

**Volume/Capacity**

- 1 gallon = 4 quarts
- 1 quart = 2 pints
- 1 pint = 2 cups
- 1 cup = 8 fluid ounces

**Length**

- 1 mile = 1,760 yards
- 1 yard = 3 feet
- 1 foot = 12 inches
- 1 inch = 2.54 centimeters

**Weight**

- 1 ton = 2,000 pounds
- 1 pound = 16 ounces

**Metric System**

**Volume/Capacity**

- 1 kiloliter = 1,000 liters
- 1 liter = 1,000 milliliters
- 1 centiliter = 10 milliliters
- 1 milliliter = 1,000 microliters

**Length**

- 1 kilometer = 1,000 meters
- 1 meter = 100 centimeters
- 1 centimeter = 10 millimeters
- 1 millimeter = 1,000 micrometers

**Weight**

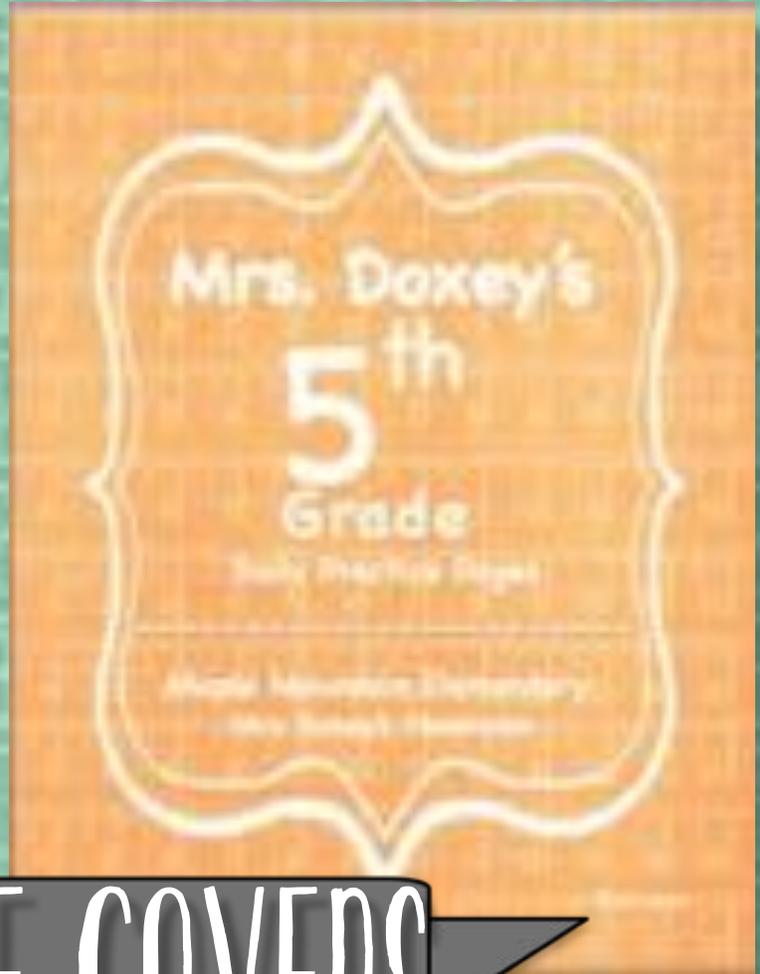
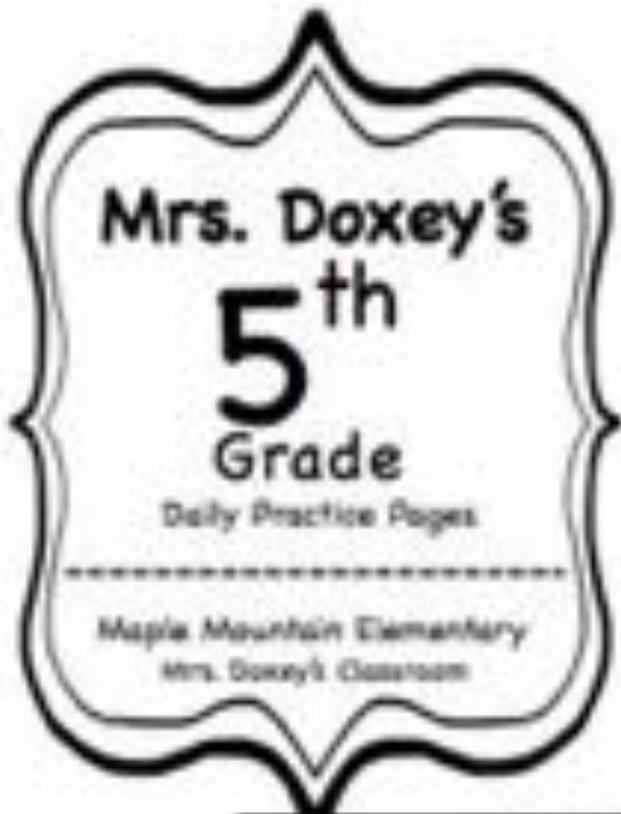
- 1 kilogram = 1,000 grams
- 1 gram = 1,000 milligrams

**Temperature**

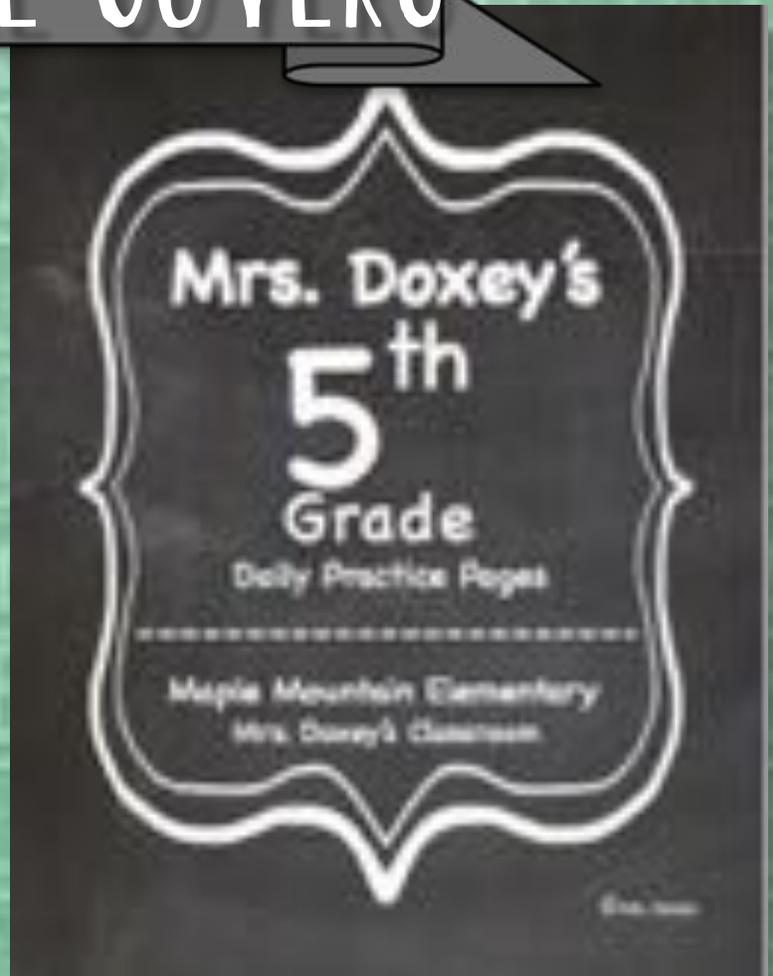
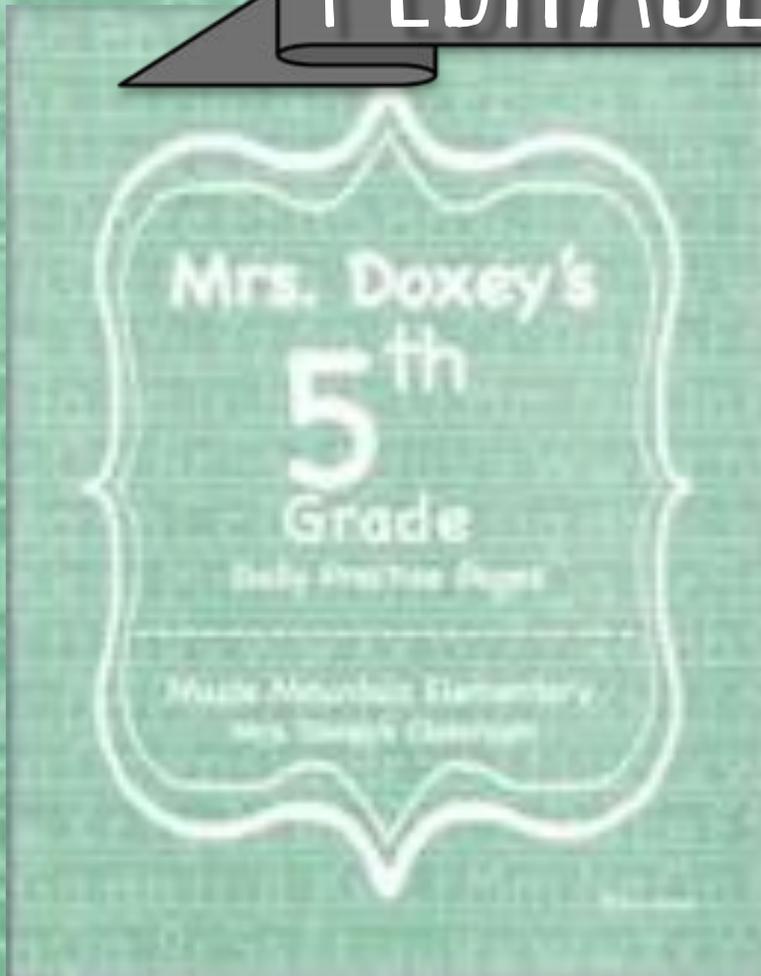
- 1 degree Celsius = 1.8 degrees Fahrenheit

**Area**

- 1 square kilometer = 1,000,000 square meters
- 1 square meter = 10,000 square centimeters
- 1 square centimeter = 100 square millimeters



4 EDITABLE COVERS



# All About Me

## The Facts:

Age: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Birthday: \_\_\_\_\_

I'm really good at: \_\_\_\_\_

I Want to Be a: \_\_\_\_\_

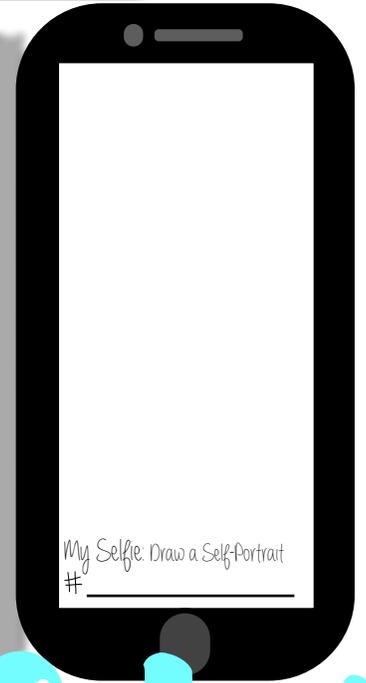
## ALL TIME FAVORITES

Book: \_\_\_\_\_

Movie: \_\_\_\_\_

Song: \_\_\_\_\_

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_



Little Known Fact: \_\_\_\_\_

## My Password Tracker

Website/Program	username	password



# 's Best Work : PRACTICE=PERFECT: : Week 2:

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**Monday**

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7,432 \\ + 2,145 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Find the missing number. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7, \square 32 \\ + 2,145 \\ \hline 10,077 \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7,856 \\ 2,953 \\ + 2,145 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. In 2013, there were 17,542 houses in Millard County. However, after a new school was moved, county developers built 2,945 houses. How many houses are in Millard County now?

5. At our sleep over last \_\_\_\_\_, we watched a meteor shower.

a. Knight  
b. Night

DAILY SCORE

**Tuesday**

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 42,752 \\ + 13,851 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Find the missing number. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 11,1 \square 2 \\ + 7,389 \\ \hline 18,571 \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 0,853 \\ 5,932 \\ + 671 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. Erik and his family wanted to take a road trip. They plan to drive 432 miles the first day, 395 miles the second day, and 498 miles back home. How many miles in total will the road trip consist of?

5. My mom drove me \_\_\_\_\_ school, but I was \_\_\_\_\_ late to turn in \_\_\_\_\_ assignments.

a. two, too, to  
b. too, to, two  
c. to, too, two

DAILY SCORE

**Wednesday**

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 9,71 \square \\ + 354 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Find the missing number. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 10,132 \\ + 2, \square 45 \\ \hline 12,177 \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 541,0 \square \\ 33,754 \\ + 10,543 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. Popular candy store sold 3,561 penny candies in August and 7,413 penny candies in September. How many penny candies did the store sell during the month of September?

5. Where is \_\_\_\_\_ car? Look, its over \_\_\_\_\_.

a. there, there  
b. their, their

DAILY SCORE

**Thursday**

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 345,971 \\ + 28,169 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Find the missing number. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 42,132 \\ + 14,7 \square 5 \\ \hline 56,897 \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 952,104 \\ 8,564 \\ + 1,251 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. During the 2014 Major League Baseball season, the LA Dodgers had 3,782,337 guests in attendance (an average of 46,695 guests per game), followed by St. Louis with 3,540,49 guests in attendance. How many guests in total did the LA Dodgers and St. Louis have during the 2014 season?

5. First I had to \_\_\_\_\_ our lunch, then we sat \_\_\_\_\_ the oak tree, after eating we said \_\_\_\_\_.

a. by, buy, bye  
b. buy, bye, by  
c. buy, by, bye

DAILY SCORE

**Friday**

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 72,835 \\ + 67,502 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Find the missing number. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 585,832 \\ + 4, \square 2 \\ \hline 599,64 \square \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 785,342 \\ 51,355 \\ + 36,200 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. During the night shift a factory produced 8,432 lollipops. Completing the day with a total of 18,315 lollipops. How many lollipops were made during the nightshift?

5. After we \_\_\_\_\_ the basketball championship, the \_\_\_\_\_ of our team was \_\_\_\_\_ number \_\_\_\_\_.

a. one, you  
b. won, or

DAILY SCORE

**Weekly Score**

**Hint: Homophones** Homophones are words that sound the same but have different spellings and meanings, like **son** and **sun**. Both sound the same but **sun** is referring to the sun in the sky, and **son** is the male child in a family. It is important to use the correct homophone in the sentence to make sure the sentence makes sense. Some of the most commonly confused homophones are **to, too, two**, and **there, their**. **To**: is often used as a preposition of movement or direction like: Let's go **to** the classroom. **Too**: is used when showing excess you can switch out **too** with either (very) or (also) and keep the meaning of a sentence. **Two**: 2 **Their**: Shows possession, and **There**: is used when referring to a place.

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\_\_\_\_\_ 's Best Work

# :My Weekly Evidence:

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Monday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Tuesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Wednesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Thursday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Friday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Weekly Reflection

Based on a scale of 1 - 4  
 (\*1 = I Need help, 4 = I can teach it.)  
 Rate your understanding of this weeks daily practice concepts.

1    2    3    4

Anything you want your teacher to know?

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# 's Best Work : PRACTICE=PERFECT: : Week 4:

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**Monday**

Write <, >, or = to make the statement true

1. 22,684,263 ○ 22,684,273

2. 67,676,767 ○ 76,767,676

3. Rank the following from greatest to least.

Stadium Seating	
a. Wrigley Field	41,019
b. Nationals Park	41,681
c. Comerica Park	41,418
d. Yankee Stadium	42,642

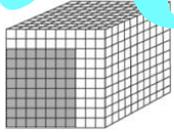
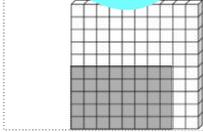
4. Which city has the largest population? Chicago: 2,895,893, Los Angeles: 3,950,431, New York City: 8,406,000, San Francisco: 873,965, Dallas: 1,343,574, Columbus: 722,948

5. My family wants to take a trip to Mexico, \_\_\_\_\_ I'm trying to learn a little spanish.

a. So  
b. but  
c. or  
d. although

DAILY SCORE

**Tuesday**

1. Which fraction does the model represent?  2. Which fraction does the model represent?  3. Which fraction does the model represent? 

4. Cara and Emily want to start a lemonade stand. They made 0.84 gallon of lemonade. Write the amount of lemonade in word form and as a fraction.

5. We should go to the waterpark **since** we have a season pass.

a. Coordinating Conjunction  
b. Subordinating Conjunction  
c. Correlative

DAILY SCORE

**Wednesday**

1. Write each fraction as a decimal  $\frac{14}{10}$  2. Write each fraction as a decimal  $\frac{8}{10}$  3. Write each fraction as a decimal  $\frac{26}{100}$

4. Convert the number in expanded form to standard form.

8,000 + 3 x 1,000 + 900 + 5 x 100 + 1 + (1 x  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) + (2 x  $\frac{1}{100}$ ) + (4 x  $\frac{1}{1000}$ ) =

5. **Unless** we finish our morning work, we can't move on to silent reading.

a. Coordinating Conjunction  
b. Subordinating Conjunction  
c. Correlative Conjunction

DAILY SCORE

**Thursday**

1. Write the number in word form. 4.002

2. Write the number in standard form. three hundred twenty five and two hundred seventeen thousandths

3. Write the number in word form. 62.43

4. Convert the number from expanded form to standard form.

$9 \times 1,000,000 + 8 \times 10,000 + 7 \times 100 + 3 \times 10 + 2 \times 1 + (8 \times \frac{1}{10}) + (2 \times \frac{1}{100}) =$

5. \_\_\_\_\_ Caroline, \_\_\_\_\_ Freddy are in my class!

a. Both, and  
b. And, Both  
c. Or, whether  
d. Whether, or

DAILY SCORE

**Friday**

Write <, >, or = to make the statement true

1. 8.851 ○ 8.856

2. 0.008 ○ 0.08

3. 0.070 ○ 0.07

4. Use the table to the right to list the amount of rainfall in New Orleans from least to greatest.

City	Average Rainfall (in)
a. New York	7.09
b. New Orleans	4.02
c. Fresno	4.17
d. Los Angeles	6.57

5. I ordered the sweet and sour chicken, it was \_\_\_\_\_ sweet \_\_\_\_\_ sour but the \_\_\_\_\_ chicken was \_\_\_\_\_ my favorite.

a. whether... or  
b. neither... nor  
c. Or, whether... or  
d. Both, and

DAILY SCORE

**Weekly Score**

**Hint: Conjunctions.** Conjunctions connect two parts of a sentence. There are coordinating conjunctions, subordinating conjunctions, and correlative conjunctions. **Coordinating conjunctions** connect simple sentences the most common are **and, but, yet, or, and so.** **Subordinating conjunctions** connect a dependent clause in a complex sentence. The dependent clause would be a sentence fragment without the conjunction. Common subordinating conjunctions are **after, before, as, while, because, unless and although.** **Correlative conjunctions** are used in pairs that work together. The most common are **both... and, either... or, neither... nor, whether... or, and not only... but also.**

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\_\_\_\_\_ 's Best Work

# :My Weekly Evidence:

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Monday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Tuesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Wednesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Thursday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Friday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Weekly Reflection

Based on a scale of 1 - 4  
 (\*1 = I Need help, 4 = I can teach it.)  
 Rate your understanding of this weeks daily practice concepts.

1    2    3    4

Anything you want your teacher to know?

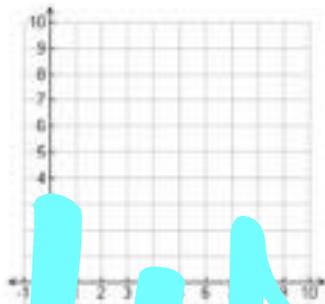
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# 's Best Work : PRACTICE=PERFECT: : Week 21:

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Chart and label each ordered pair:

Point	Ordered Pair
A	(6, 7)
B	(3, 2)
C	(0, 4)
D	(1, 10)
E	(6, 0)



5. True or False

The metaphor, "beat around the bush" means to not say what you really mean.

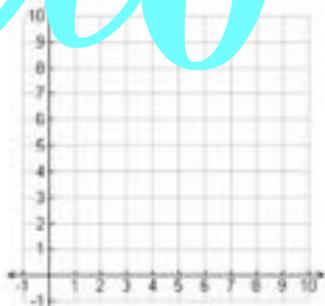
- A. True
- B. False

DAILY SCORE

Monday

Chart and label each ordered pair:

Point	Ordered Pair
A	(1, 3)
B	(5, 10)
C	(0, 8)
D	(7, 1)
E	(9, 4)



5. Does the following sentence contain a simile or metaphor?

The pond at midnight was a puddle of black ink.

- A. Simile
- B. Metaphor
- C. Neither a simile or a metaphor

DAILY SCORE

Tuesday

1. Find the LCM:      2. Find the GCF:      3. Find the LCM:

36, 2

36, 24

72, 9

4. A "perfect number" is a whole number equal to all of its factors added together besides the number itself. For example 6 is a perfect number because its factors are 1, 2, 3 and 6 and 1+2+3=6. Find another perfect number between 20 and 100.

5. Does the following sentence contain a simile or metaphor?

Just as the wind rocks the trees, the mother rocks her child.

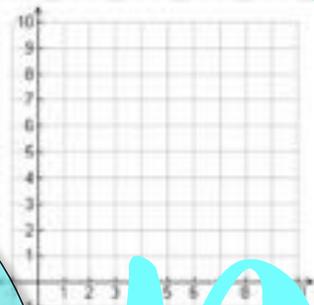
- A. Simile
- B. Metaphor
- C. Neither a simile or a metaphor

DAILY SCORE

Wednesday

Chart and label each ordered pair:

Point	Ordered Pair
A	(2, 4)
B	(3, 5)
C	(4, 6)
D	(5, 7)
E	(6, 8)



5. Does the following sentence contain a simile or a metaphor?

The Popsicle was a rock when I took it from the freezer.

- A. Simile
- B. Metaphor
- C. Neither a simile or a metaphor

DAILY SCORE

Thursday

1. Find the LCM:      2. Find the GCF:      3. Find the LCM:

18, 12

56, 64

10, 12

4. Jim has seven coins in his pocket totaling 68 cents. He takes out 3 coins and now has 37 cents. What coins does he have left in his pocket?

5. True or False

A metaphor is a type of figurative language that compares two things and often uses the words "like" or "as."

- A. True
- B. False

DAILY SCORE

Friday

WEEKLY SCORE

**Hint: Metaphors.** A metaphor is a figure of speech that compares two things that may not be very similar. The difference between a metaphor and a simile is a simile will say something is like something, but a metaphor will say it IS something. For example: In a race, she is lightening. The two things being compared is the act of running in a race, and lightening are being compared to each other. We know it is a metaphor because two things are being compared to each other by saying that one of them is the other. Metaphors can create dramatic and vivid pictures for the reader, thus metaphors are another type of figurative language.

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\_\_\_\_\_ 's Best Work

# :My Weekly Evidence:

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Monday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Tuesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Wednesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Thursday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Friday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Weekly Reflection

Based on a scale of 1 - 4  
 (\*1 = I Need help, 4 = I can teach it.)  
 Rate your understanding of this weeks daily practice concepts.

1    2    3    4

Anything you want your teacher to know?

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# 's Best Work : PRACTICE=PERFECT: : Week 33:

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Monday

Use the shape below to answer the following questions:

- Find the value of the missing angle?
- What is the name of the triangle based on it's sides?
- What is the name of the triangle based on it's angles?

Clarke started practicing martial arts at 3:45 P.M. and continues to practice until 5:00 P.M. Clara started practicing her piano at 2:30 P.M. and continues to practice until 4:45 P.M. Who practices longer and how much longer did that person practice?

5. Choose the best interjection that expresses (pain)

\_\_\_\_\_! I broke a nail.

- Hmmm
- No
- Ouch
- Well

DAILY SCORE

Tuesday

Use the shape below to answer the following questions:

- Find the value of the missing angle?
- What is the name of the triangle based on it's sides?
- What is the name of the triangle based on it's angles?

4. Ben and his brother Harrison went to the Buy by the Bulk candy store. The candy is priced by the weight of the bag. Each pound of candy costs \$4.80. If Ben's bag weighed 15.2 ounces and Harrison's bag weighed 13.8 ounces. How much did the brothers spend altogether?

5. Is the sentence in the past, present, of future tense?

The teacher graded the math tests.

- Past
- Present
- Future

DAILY SCORE

Wednesday

Shape 1: = 1 cubic unit

Shape 2:

- Find the surface area of shape 1
- What is the volume of shape 2?
- How many 3 Dimensions make up shape 2?
- Find the volume of the composite figure

5. Is the sentence in the past perfect, present perfect, of future perfect tense?

Your basketball team has won three \_\_\_\_\_ in a row.

- Past Perfect
- Present Perfect
- Future Perfect

DAILY SCORE

Thursday

Shape 1: = 27.06 in. 14.8 in. 48.52 in.

- What is the name of the 3-D shape?
- Solve for the base.
- Give the 3 possible names of shape 1
- Find the volume?

5. If the verb tense is consistent throughout the sentence select correct, if there is an inappropriate shift select the correct form of the **bolded** word.

Whoops! I just \_\_\_\_\_ a plate.

- breaked
- broke
- broken

DAILY SCORE

Friday

Shape 1:

- What is the surface area of shape 1?
- How many shapes in the composite figure broke into?
- What is the volume of the composite shape?
- How many cubic units would be needed to fill the surrounding block?

5. If the verb tense is consistent throughout the sentence select correct, if there is an inappropriate shift select the correct form of the **bolded** word.

\_\_\_\_\_ we made to the floor and I will wash the dishes.

- wash
- washing
- correct

DAILY SCORE

Weekly Score

\_\_\_\_\_

Hint: Review Grammar Concepts:

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\_\_\_\_\_ 's Best Work

# :My Weekly Evidence:

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Monday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Tuesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Wednesday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Thursday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Friday	1.	2.	3.	4.

Weekly Reflection

Based on a scale of 1 - 4  
 (\*1 = I Need help, 4 = I can teach it.)  
 Rate your understanding of this weeks daily practice concepts.

1    2    3    4

Anything you want your teacher to know?

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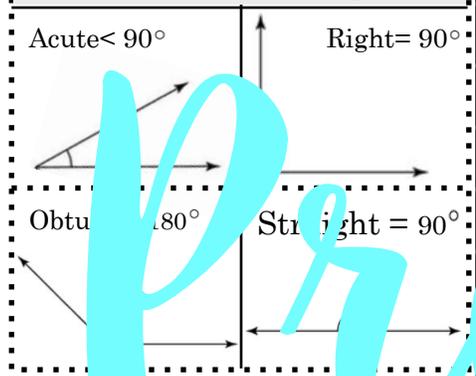
# MATH REFERENCE SHEET

## My Multiplication Chart

Addition +	Sum, Total, Plus, Together, In All
Subtraction -	Remainder, Fewer, Difference, Minus, In, How Many More
Multiplication x	Product, Times, Price, Total, Multiply By
Division ÷	Quotient, Goes Into, Split Equally, Groups, Each

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	0	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

## Types of Angles

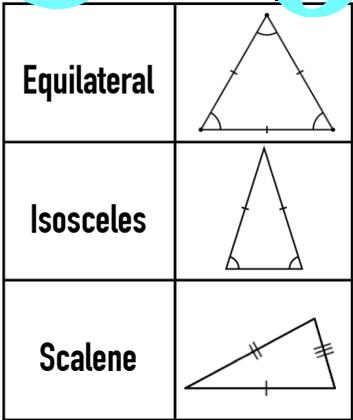


Preview

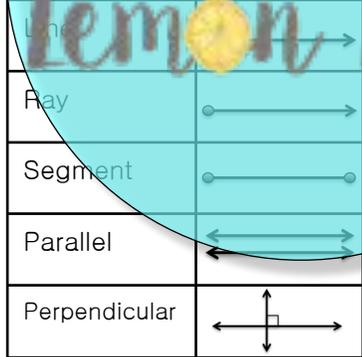
## Place Value:

Millions			Thousands			Ones	Decimals				
Hundred Millions	Ten Millions	Millions	Hundred Thousands	Ten Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3

## Types of Triangles



## Types of Lines



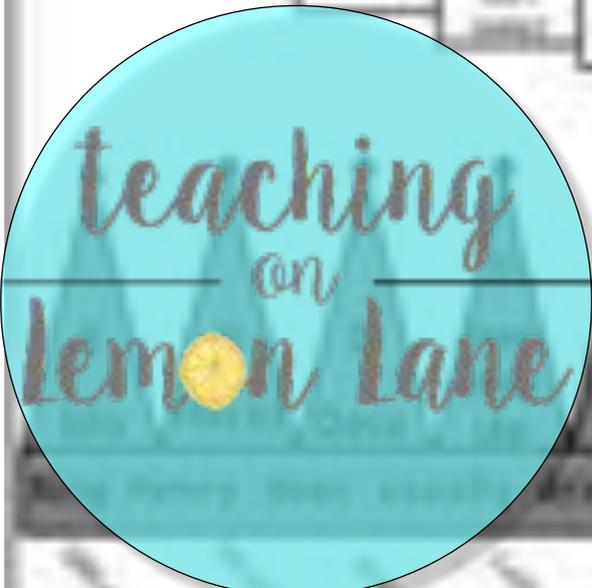
-12	-11	-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 Whole																								
1/2						1/2						1/2												
1/4			1/4			1/4			1/4			1/4			1/4									
1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8		1/8								

# Measurement Anchor Chart:

Preview

Preview

Preview



CUSTOMARY SYSTEM	
<b>Volume/Capacity</b>	
1 gallon = 4 quarts	1 quart = 2 pints
1 pint = 2 cups	1 cup = 8 fluid ounces
<b>Length</b>	
1,200 feet = 1/4 mile	12 inches = 1 foot
1 foot = 12 inches	1 yard = 3 feet
1 mile = 1,760 yards	
<b>Weight</b>	
16 ounces = 1 pound	2,000 pounds = 1 ton

METRIC SYSTEM	
1,000 milliliters = 1 liter	1,000 grams = 1 kilogram
10 millimeters = 1 centimeter	100 centimeters = 1 meter
100 centimeters = 1 meter	10 meters = 1 dekameter
10 dekameters = 1 hectometer	10 hectometers = 1 kilometer
1000 meters = 1 kilometer	

Area	Volume	Length	Weight	Capacity	Temperature
100 sq. units	100 cu. units	10 units	100 units	100 units	100 units
10 sq. units	10 cu. units	1 unit	10 units	10 units	10 units
1 sq. unit	1 cu. unit	1 unit	1 unit	1 unit	1 unit

# THANKS FOR DOWNLOADING THE PREVIEW

If you have any questions regarding this product please let me know! I created this product to use in my own classroom and have LOVED it. **It is a literal labor or love, sweat, and a lot of long sleepless nights.**

If you are interested in combining these ELA and Math Spiral review pages with a student planner, please visit the following link for more information!: <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/5th-Grade-Math-Spiral-Review-ELA-Daily-Homework-ENTIRE-Year-Student-Planner-2607581>

These Daily Practice Pages are also available to purchase in different increments of weeks as opposed to the full 40 weeks. See my store for more information.

- Thanks to <https://www.pixelscrapper.com> for embellishments, backgrounds, and frames

- Thanks to <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Font-License-SINGLE-FONT-348256>

- <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/KG-Two-is-Better-Than-One-Font-Personal-Use-348706>

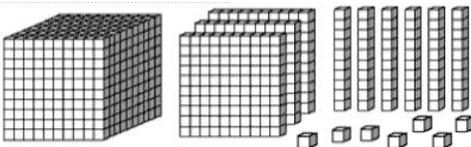


# 's Best Work : PRACTICE=PERFECT: : Week 1 :

**Monday**

1. 3 thousands = \_\_\_ hundreds    2. 1 hundred = \_\_\_ tens    3. \_\_\_ tens = 60 ones

a. 10    a. 10    a. 6  
b. 30    b. 1    b. 60  
c. 300    c. 100    c. 600

4. What number is shown? 

5. On Wednesdays we always eat tuna fish, \_\_\_\_\_ I can't stand.

a. Which    **DAILY SCORE**  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Tuesday**

1. Write the number in word form: 186

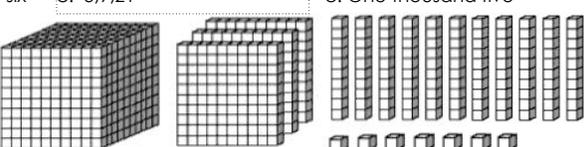
a. One hundred sixty eight  
b. One hundred eighty six  
c. One thousand eighty six

2. Write the number in standard form: **three thousand nine hundred thirty one**

a. 3,931  
b. 3,913  
c. 3,921

3. Write the number in word form: 1,005

a. One thousand no hundred no tens and five  
b. One thousand and five  
c. One thousand five

4. What number is shown? 

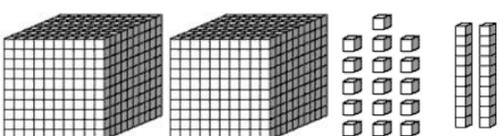
5. The gecko \_\_\_\_\_ I saw in Mr. Alcalá's room is so cool!

a. Which    **DAILY SCORE**  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Wednesday**

1. 5 thousands = \_\_\_ tens    2. 1 \_\_\_ = 10 tens    3. \_\_\_ tens = 90 ones

a. 100    a. hundred    a. 9  
b. 50    b. thousand    b. 90  
c. 500    c. ten    c. 900

4. What number is shown? 

5. I can't wait to meet Janet, \_\_\_\_\_ is a civil engineer.

a. Which    **DAILY SCORE**  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Thursday**

1. Write the number in word form: 732

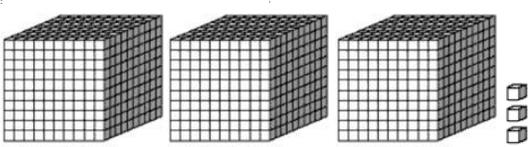
a. Seven hundred thirty two  
b. Seven tens thirty two  
c. Seven hundred twenty three

2. Write the number in standard form: **Nine thousand nine hundred ninety nine.**

a. 99  
b. 99,999  
c. 9,999

3. Write the number in word form: 1,071

a. One thousand no hundred seventy one  
b. One thousand and seventy one  
c. One thousand seventy one

4. What number is shown? 

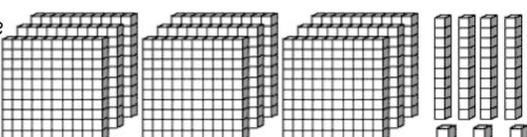
5. Every Thursday is the day \_\_\_\_\_ I have gymnastics practice.

a. Whose    **DAILY SCORE**  
b. Where  
c. Why  
d. When

**Friday**

1. 3 thousands = \_\_\_ ones    2. 40 hundreds = \_\_\_ tens    3. \_\_\_ ones = 40 hundreds

a. 3000    a. 10    a. 4  
b. 1000    b. 400    b. 400  
c. 30    c. 4    c. 4000

4. What number is shown? 

5. Jazmin, \_\_\_\_\_ hair is really long, likes to wear her hair in two braids.

a. Whose    **DAILY SCORE**  
b. That  
c. Who  
d. Why

**Weekly Score**

**Hint: Relative Pronouns and Adverbs.** The five main relative pronouns are **who, whom, whose, which,** and **that.** **Who** and **Whom** give information about people. If the subject and verb use: he, she, or they use **who**, but if the subject and verb include him her or them use **whom**. The relative pronouns **that** and **which** are used for things, use **that** when it is not set off by commas, and **which** when it is. Lastly, **whose** shows possession, not to be confused by the contraction who's (who is). The three main relative adverbs are **when, where,** and **why.** **Where** is used to describe a place, **when** is used to describe a time, and **why** is used to give a reason.

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